

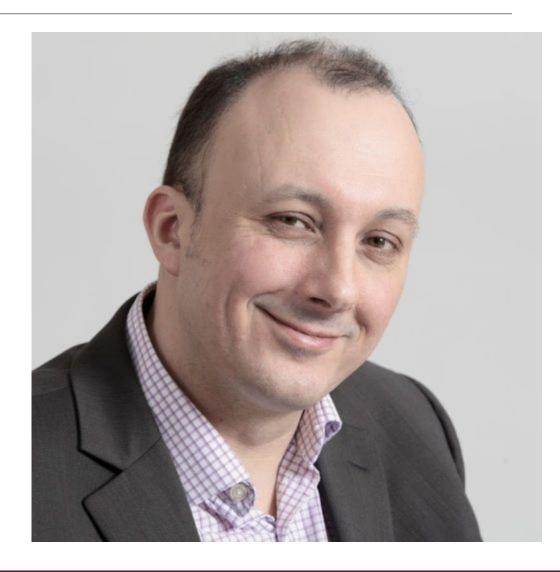
Flowban



What is FlowBan?

Based on the FeatureBan game developed by Mike Burrows (@asplake) to illustrate the principles of Kanban.

You can find out more at agendashift.com.



What is Kanban?

Visualize work and workflow.

"You can't measure what you can't see."
-- Jim Benson

Visualize work and workflow using a kanban board but also using information radiators such as cycle time scatter plots, cumulative flow diagrams, and throughput distribution charts.

Limit WIP.

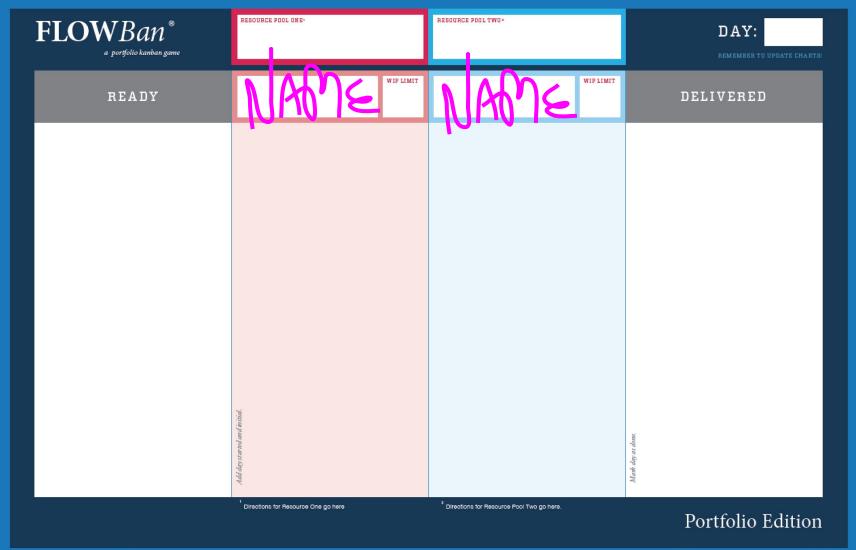
"Stop starting! Start finishing!"
-- Arne Roock

By limiting work in progress, we create a pull system, i.e. we can only start a new work item when something in progress finishes.

Pull systems emphasize delivering value.

Kanban Board Setup

Finish the board







Add work items to "Ready"

Move all the initiative cards into the "Ready" column.



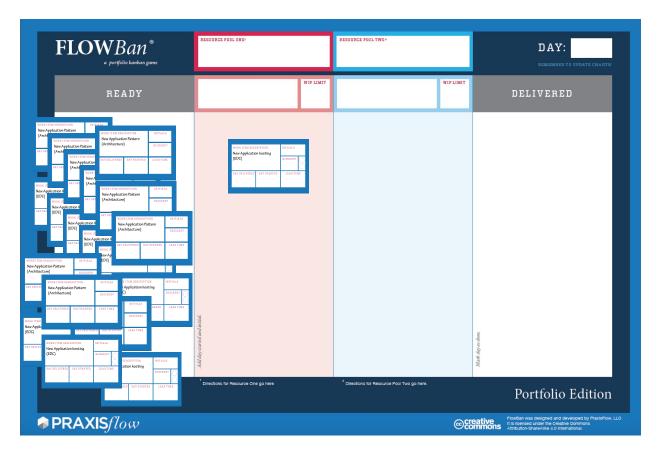
2 versions of the game

I made a couple versions of the Featureban game. We use these for a portfolio level version with pools of SMEs.



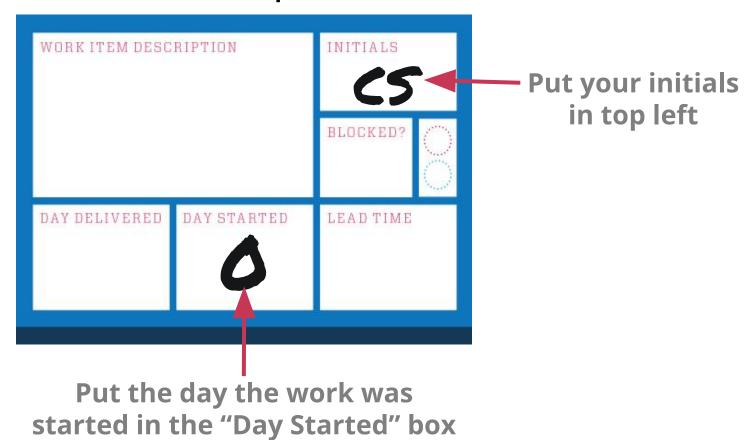
The Line of Commitment

Once you move a card out of Ready you have **personally** committed to completing that card.



Example Commitment

Everyone pull one card into the first Doing column, as an example.



Game Rules

Daily Standup

At the beginning of each "day" the team will have a standup meeting.

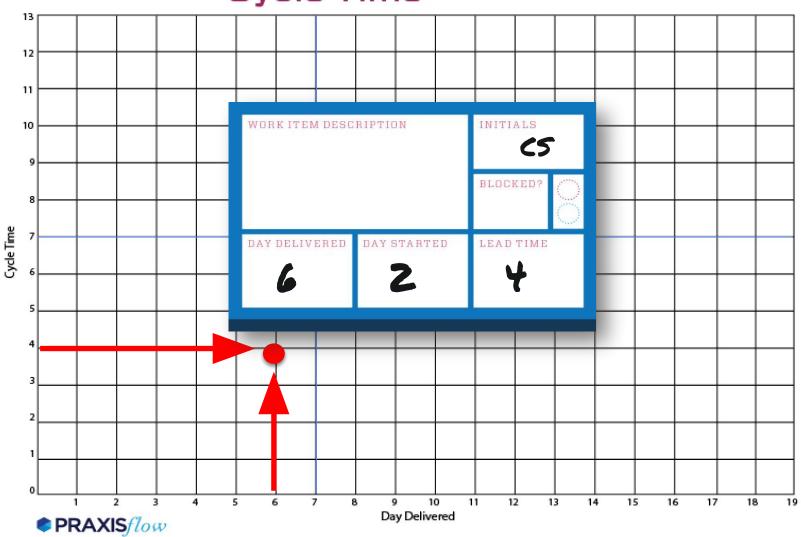
- Update the Day box in the upper right corner of your board.
- Each person flips a coin.
- After all team members have flipped make your moves based on heads or tails rules

1 Round = 1 Day

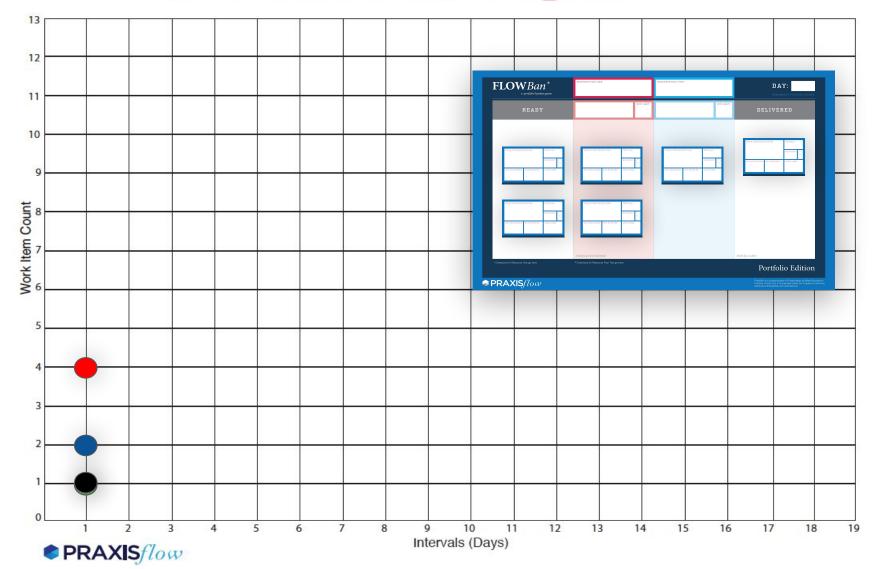
Coin Flip Rules

Heads	Tails
Advance one of <u>your</u> unblocked features rightward OR	Block one of <u>your</u> unblocked features AND Start working on a new feature
Unblock one of <u>your</u> blocked features	
OR	
Start working on a new feature	
ELSE	
If you have no other option, pair up with someone who threw tails and move on their behalf	

Cycle Time



Cumulative Flow Diagram



Game Play

Setting the Scene

Your organization has just gotten a new leader, Jane.

She would like to get a lay of the land before making any changes or improvements.

You get together as a group and decide you'll collect data for three days then reconvene.

Iteration 1 begins Day 1

Heads	Tails
Advance one of <u>your</u> unblocked features rightward OR	Block one of <u>your</u> unblocked features AND Start working on a new feature
Unblock one of <u>your</u> blocked features OR	
Start working on a new feature ELSE	
If you have no other option, pair up with someone who threw tails and move on their behalf	

Iteration 1 Debrief

Did you complete any work items?

Will you still be in business 6 months from now? A year from now? Five years from now?

Do you need to add any work items to your backlog? (Blank cards are included in the Backlog)



Iteration 2: WIP Limits

Jane is worried your organization is not keeping up with the market.

After looking at the Kanban boards and charts, she thinks we need to concentrate on finishing what's in progress before beginning new work.

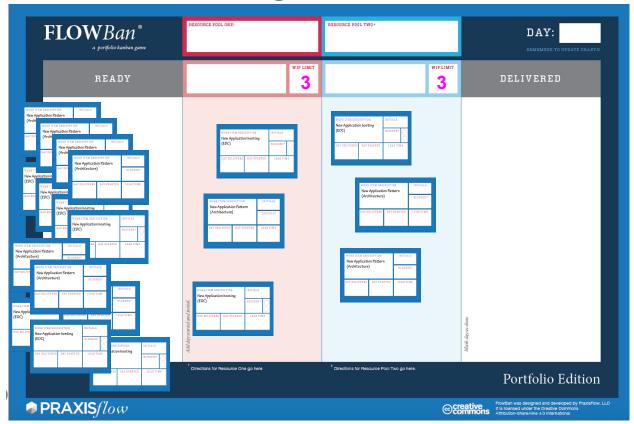
She suggests limiting work in progress by <u>limiting each doing</u> column to 3 work items each in order to increase throughput.

PRAXISFLOW

picture courtesy of #WOCinTechChat

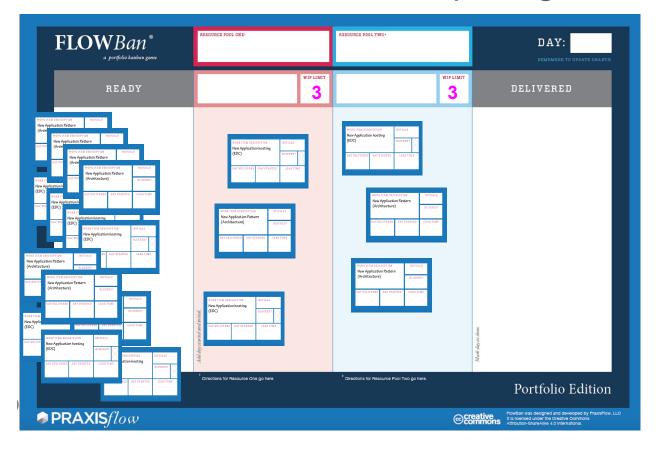
Iteration 2: WIP Limits

Limit Work In Progress to 3 for each of the "In Progress" states



Iteration 2: WIP Limits

If your team is currently exceeding WIP limits, you must resolve the limit before pulling cards.



Iteration 2 begins Day 4, runs through Day 7

Heads

Advance one of <u>your</u> unblocked features rightward (if WIP limits allow)

OR

Unblock one of **your** blocked features

OR

Start working on a new feature (if WIP limits allow)

OR

If you have no other option, pair up with someone who threw tails and move on their behalf

PRAXISFLOW

Tails

Block one of **your** unblocked features

AND

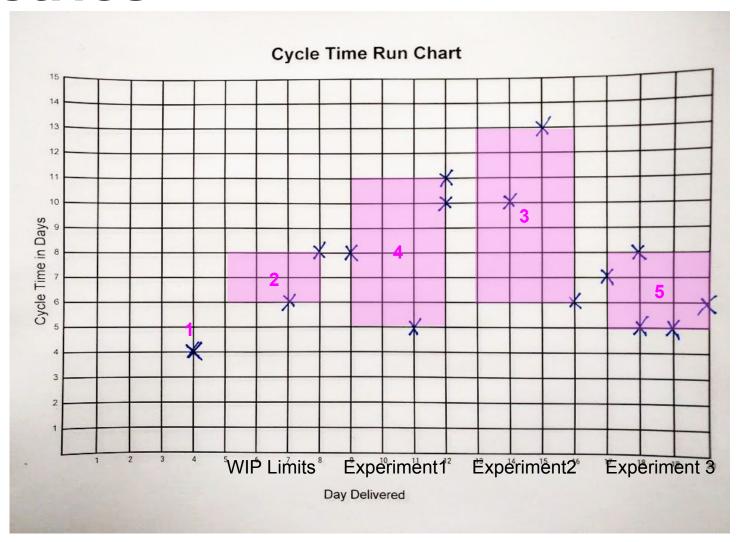
Start working on a new feature (if WIP limits allow)

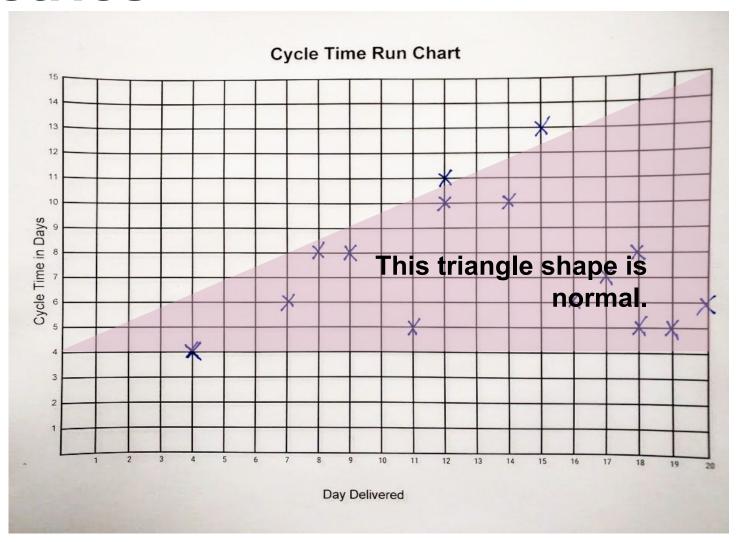
Iteration 2 Debrief

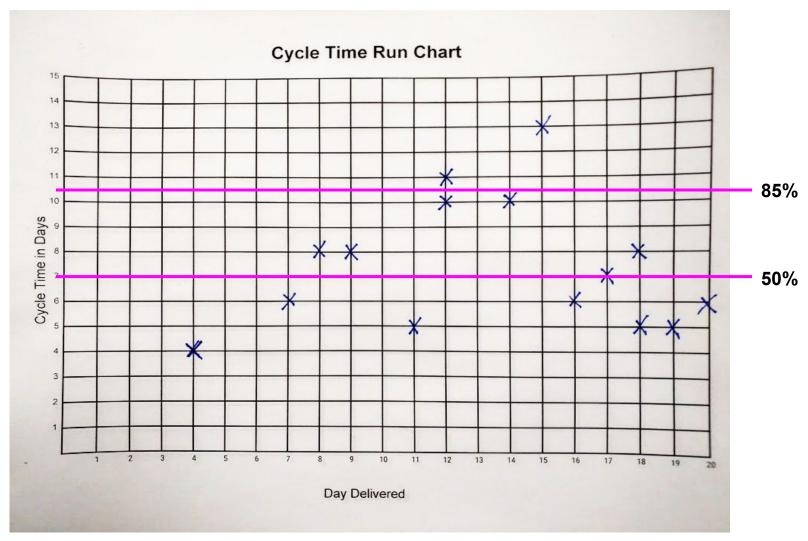
Did you complete anything? How long will your team be in business based on what you've finished?

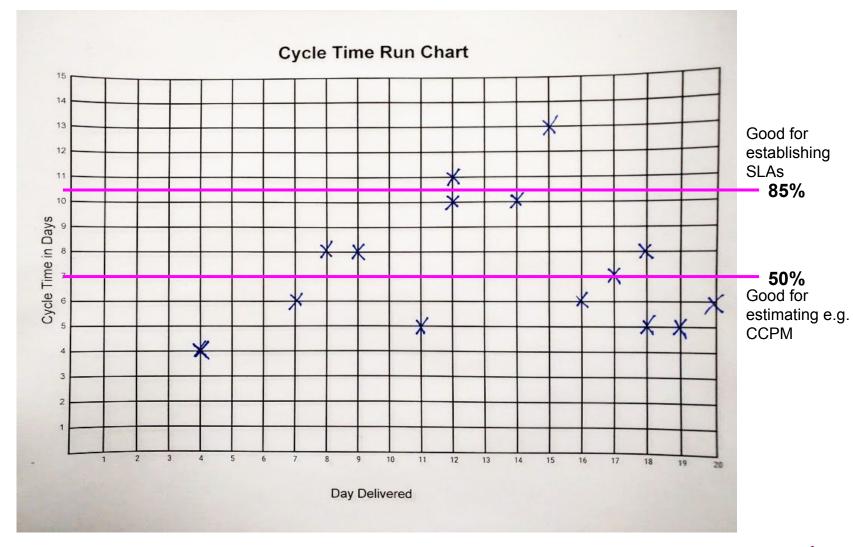
What impact did the WIP limits have? Did throughput increase, as Jane predicted?











Little's Law

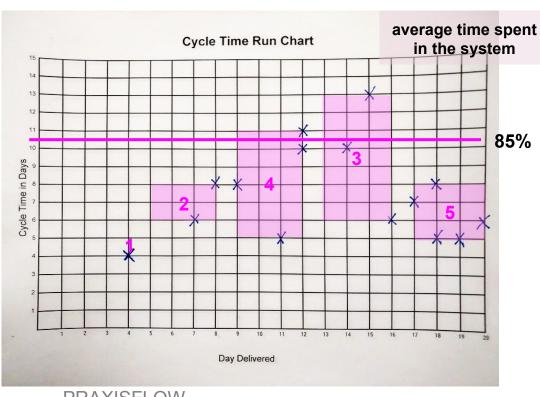
 $L = \lambda W$

average # of items in a system



average arrival rate

* average time spent in the system



average # of items in a system

average throughput

If we artificially break this relationship between the averages (arrival rate, population of the system, and departure rate), we can expect increased variability.





Jane would like you, the people doing the work, to design the next experiment.

Which <u>one</u> variable will you change? What is the expected (measurable) outcome?

picture courtesy of #WOCinTechChat

Iteration 3 Debrief

What was outcome of experiment? Was it what you expected?

If it failed, what is your recovery strategy? If it succeeded, what is you amplification strategy?

Did you gain any ancillary insights?



Game Debrief

The structure of this game is the (roughly) the structure of an OpsFlow implementation:

- Start with where you are now (map flow of work, understand what's in progress)
- **Implement WIP limits** to drive out unnecessary variability
- Establish directional goals (strategic intent)
- Give teams the freedom to conduct safe to fail experiments aligned with the strategic intent

